

DAY CENTER FOR THE DISABLED



Day Center Design
& Management



Home Care for People
with Disabilities



Personal Care in School
and After-School Settings



Day Centers for Minors and
Adults with Autism Spectrum
Disorder



FDIA
FUNDACIÓN DEMOCRÁTICA ITALO AMERICANA,
FDIA - REPRESENTAÇÃO PERMANENTE



WE PROVIDE COMPREHENSIVE HEALTHCARE FACILITIES, NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND SUPPORT SERVICES



Communication & AAC



Low Vision & Blindness



Autism Spectrum Disorders



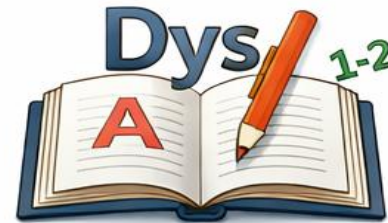
Aging & Age-Related Conditions



Cerebral Palsy



Muscular Dystrophy /
ALS / SMA



Specific Learning Disorders



Cognitive Disability



Hearing Impairment



Assistive Technologies
in Education



Assistive Technologies
in Rehabilitation



Assistive Technologies
for Independent Living

WE SUPPLY DISABLED EQUIPMENT & MEDICAL DEVICES





Communication & AAC



Low Vision & Blindness



Aging & Age-Related Conditions



Cerebral Palsy



Muscular Dystrophy / ALS / SMA



Specific Learning Disorders



Hearing Impairment



Assistive Technologies in Education



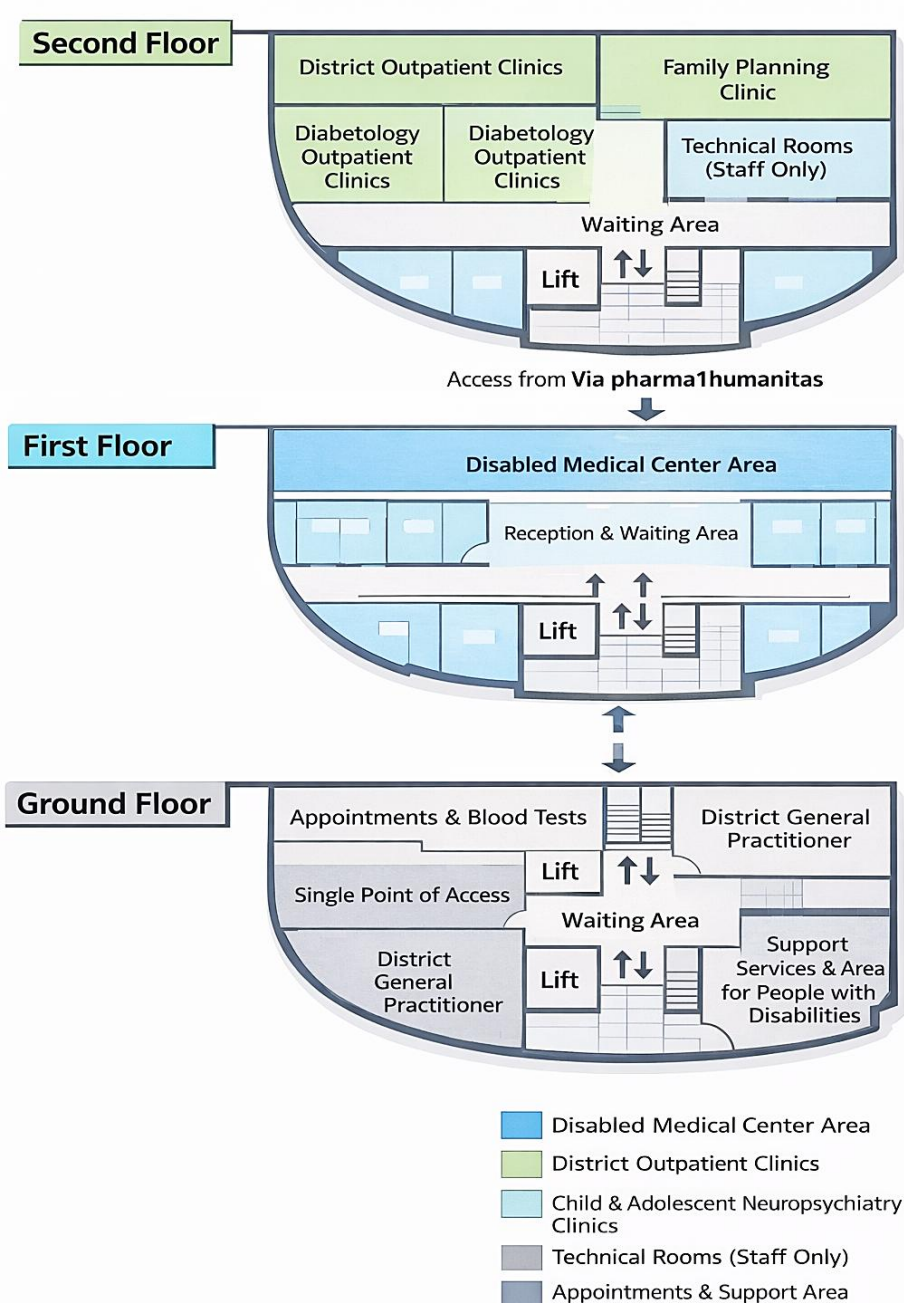
Assistive Technologies for Independent Living





Centro diurno per disabili
pharma1humanitas

Website:www.pharma1humanitas.com **email:**incubator@pharma1humanitas.com – pharma1humanitas@gmail.com



Centro diurno per disabili

Piano primo

Accesso da via **pharma1humanitas**

Piano secondo

- Ambulatori distrettuali
- Ambulatori di diabetologia
- Ambulatori consultorio
- Ambulatori di neuropsichiatria infantile
- Locali tecnici (riservati al personale)

Piano terra

- Prenotazioni e prelievi
- Punto unico di accesso
- Medico di distretto
- Supporto e area per disabili



Access from Via Pharma 1
– Humanitas



Disabled Medical
Center Area



District Outpatient Clinics



Diabetology Outpatient Clinics



Family Planning Clinic



Child and Adolescent
Neuropsychiatry Clinics



Technical Rooms
(Staff Only)



Appointments and Blood Tests



Single Point of Access



District General Practitioner



Support Services



Services and Area for
People with Disabilities

Day Center Design and Management

Planning, development, and operational management of day centers, with a focus on service quality, regulatory compliance, sustainability, and integration within local health and social care networks.

Home Care for People with Disabilities

Provision and coordination of home-based care services aimed at supporting autonomy, daily living activities, and social inclusion of people with disabilities, in collaboration with families and community services.

Personal Care in School and After-School Settings

Delivery of personal care and assistance services within school and after-school environments, ensuring inclusion, safety, and continuity of care for children and adolescents with disabilities.

Day Centers for Minors and Adults with Autism Spectrum Disorder

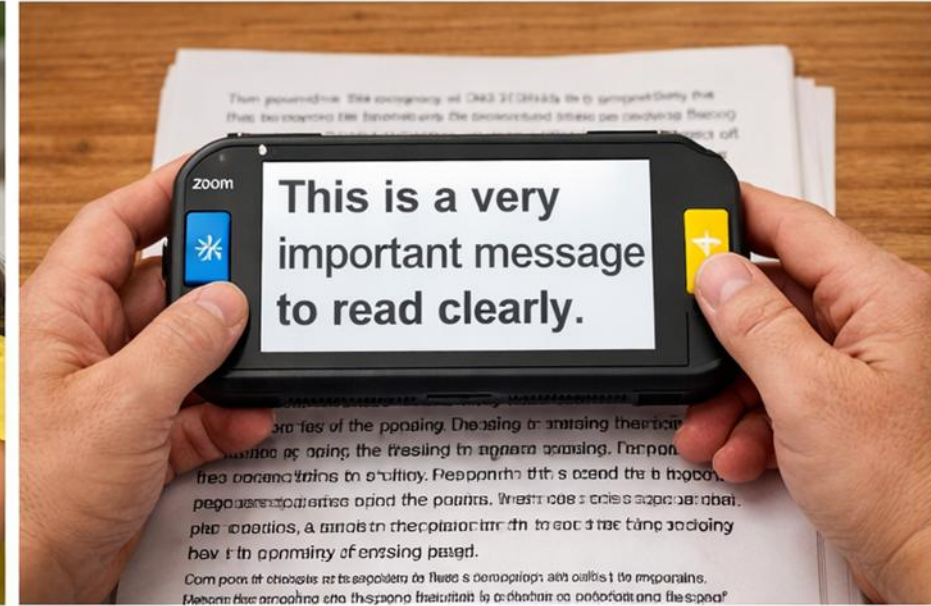
Design, implementation, and management of specialized day centers for minors and adults with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD), offering individualized programs focused on skill development, well-being, and social participation.



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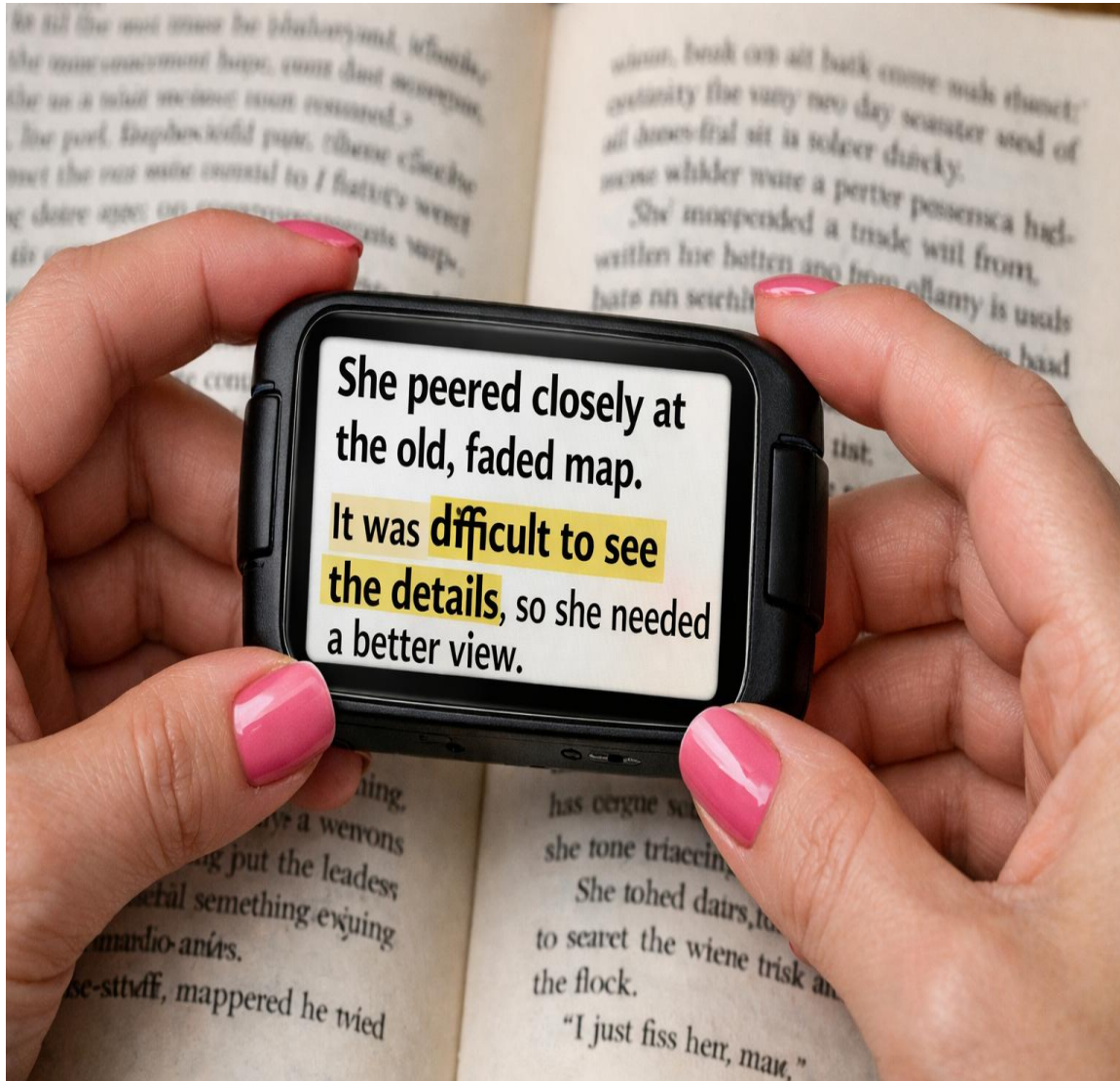
DISABLED EQUIPMENT & MEDICAL DEVICES



ASSISTED TECHNOLOGIES FOR EDUCATION SYSTEM, COMMUNICATION DISORDERS AND DISABLED DISEASE



VISUAL DISABILITIES AND SENSORY IMPAIRMENT



ELDERLY & SON RELATED COGNITIVE AND SENSORY DISABLED EQUIPMENT



Cognitive Disability

Cognitive disabilities include a wide range of conditions linked to different pathologies. Intellectual disability is characterized by limitations in intellectual functioning and adaptive behavior, affecting communication, learning, and daily living skills.

Low Vision and Blindness

A person with low vision retains limited visual capacity, typically between 1/10 and 3/10 even with optimal correction. Reduced visual acuity may be accompanied by difficulties in fixation, visual field, contrast sensitivity, or light perception, all of which can significantly affect daily activities.

Communication Difficulties and AAC (Augmentative and Alternative Communication)

Communication difficulties occur across a very wide range of medical and developmental conditions. For this reason, it is not possible to identify suitable solutions without a thorough understanding of each individual. Augmentative and Alternative Communication (AAC) includes methods, strategies, and technologies that support or replace spoken language when verbal communication is limited or absent.

Cerebral Palsy

Cerebral palsy results from damage to the central nervous system occurring during early development. The most evident effects involve motor function, but communication, speech, sensory processing, and cognitive abilities may also be affected.

Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD)

Autism spectrum disorders are frequently associated with communication difficulties of varying severity. The use of new technologies can effectively support and encourage communication, social interaction, and learning by providing structured, personalized, and predictable tools.

Age-Related Conditions and Aging

Difficulties arising in old age are often considered part of the normal aging process and are accepted with resignation. These may include reduced vision and hearing, memory decline, slower cognitive processing, and decreased motor abilities, which can impact autonomy and quality of life.

Muscular Dystrophy, ALS, and SMA

Muscular dystrophies are inherited conditions characterized by progressive muscle weakness. Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) and Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) also cause severe motor impairments, often affecting speech and movement while cognitive functions may remain intact.

Specific Learning Disorders (SLD)

The term “dyslexic syndrome” includes dyslexia (reading difficulties), dysgraphia (writing difficulties), and dysorthography (spelling errors). These conditions interfere with academic performance despite normal intelligence and require targeted educational strategies.

Hearing Impairment: Deafness and Hearing Loss

Assistive tools such as captioning and speech-to-text software are especially valuable for deaf individuals, particularly in educational settings. Additional solutions include hearing aids, cochlear implants, visual alerts, and communication support technologies.

Assistive Technologies in Education

Schools are ideal environments for the use of assistive technologies designed to enhance communication, participation, and learning. When effectively integrated, these tools promote inclusion and equal access to education.

Assistive Technologies in Rehabilitation

The adoption of assistive technologies in rehabilitation usually follows a structured assessment by a multidisciplinary team. Speech therapists, occupational therapists, and other specialists collaborate to identify the most appropriate solutions for each individual.

Assistive Technologies for Independent Living

Assistive technologies play a key role in promoting independence and autonomy for people with disabilities. These tools support everyday activities such as communication, mobility, self-care, and home management, improving overall quality of life.



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